



(Hong Kong Office)

ADMINISTRATIVE PANEL DECISION

Case No.	HK-2101429
Complainant:	Television Broadcasts Limited
Respondent:	yang li
Disputed Domain Name(s):	<TVBME.NET>

1. The Parties and Contested Domain Name

The Complainant is Television Broadcasts Limited, of 10/F, Main Block, TVB City, 77 Chun Choi Street, Tseung Kwan O Industrial Estate, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Respondent is yang li, of an unknown address in the Philippines.

The domain name at issue is <TVBME.NET>, registered by Respondent with GoDaddy.com, LLC, of 14455 N. Hayden Road, Suite 219, Scottsdale, AZ 85260, USA.

2. Procedural History

The Complaint was filed with the Hong Kong Office of the Asian Domain Name Dispute Resolution Centre (ADNDRC) on March 1, 2021, regarding the domain name <TVBME.NET>. On March 2, 2021, the ADNDRC issued a Notification of Deficiencies to the Complainant regarding the information of the Respondent in the Complaint which differed from the information found on the WhoIs information provided by the Registrar. The Complainant submitted an amended Complaint on March 3, 2021. On March 4, 2021, the ADNDRC verified that the Complainant satisfied the formal requirements of the Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (the “Policy” or “UDRP”), the Rules for Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (the “Rules”) and on March 4, 2021, the Respondent was notified of the Complaint. The due date of the Response was March 24, 2021. The Respondent did not file a formal Response and March 25, 2021, the ADNDRC informed the Respondent of its default. The ADNDRC appointed Francine Tan as the sole panelist in this matter on March 25, 2021.

3. Factual background

The Complainant, Television Broadcasts Limited, states that it is commonly known as TVB and that it is the first wireless commercial television station in Hong Kong. It was first established in 1967 and has since grown to a size of over 3,600 staff and artistes

worldwide. Since 1988, shares of the Complainant have been publicly listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The principal activities of the Complainant are television broadcasting, programme production and other broadcasting related activities such as programme and Video-On-Demand (“VOD”) licensing, digital media business, and audio and video products selling and distribution. It is one of the largest producers of Chinese language programmes in the world. Its Chinese programmes are internationally acclaimed and dubbed into other languages and are distributed to more than 200 countries and regions.

In 1999, the Complainant launched its principal website at <http://www.tvb.com> (“the Website”) to provide worldwide viewers the latest information on its programmes and artistes. The Website also provides video clips of the Complainant’s programmes for users’ viewing online. In November 2008, the Complainant set up the “myTV” section on the Website providing its drama and variety programmes for users’ viewing on the Internet by means of live streaming and VOD in Hong Kong. In 2010, “myTV” had 3,000,000 visitors monthly. In 2011, the Complainant extended its “myTV” to mobile application for smartphone and tablet users to enjoy wireless viewing of its drama and variety programmes in Hong Kong. In 2013, the Complainant launched the “GOTV” mobile application for users to watch its drama on VOD basis via the Internet on computer and mobile devices in Hong Kong. In 2016, the Complainant launched the “myTV SUPER” OTT (“over the top”) services for viewers to watch its dramas and variety programmes on livecast and VOD basis via Internet and/or set top box and/or applications on television, computer and mobile devices and through the website <http://www.mytvsuper.com> in Hong Kong. The myTV SUPER is now a leading OTT platform in Hong Kong, and has had over 8 million users as of March 2020.

The Complainant’s wholly-owned subsidiary, TVBI Company Limited (TVBI), is responsible for the distribution of the Complainant’s Chinese language programmes across the world. TVBI and its sub-licensees supply Complainant’s programmes to free-to-air broadcasters, cable and satellite television broadcasting service operators, telecommunication services provider, websites, video distributors and video-on-demand service providers worldwide.

In 2014, the Complainant’s wholly-owned subsidiary, TVB Anywhere Limited, launched “TVB Anywhere” for overseas viewers to watch the Complainant’s programmes and channels on television via set top boxes. In 2019, TVB Anywhere Limited launched “TVB Anywhere+” mobile application for overseas viewers to watch the Complainant’s programmes and channels on mobile devices and/or television via open Internet.

The Complainant’s wholly-owned subsidiary, TVB (USA) Inc., provides satellite and cable TV services in the USA on its website, <http://www.tvbusa.com>.

At present, the Complainant and its subsidiaries have registered and own over 170 domain names which contain the TVB trade mark, including not but limited to the following:

- i. tvb.me,
- ii. tvbihk.com.hk,
- iii. tvbmusic.com.hk,
- iv. tvbusa.com,
- v. tvbusa.us,

- vi. <tvb.com.cn>
- vii. <tvb.asia>, and
- viii. <tvbwkly.com>.

The Complainant is the owner of numerous TVB trade marks and variations thereof worldwide, including the following:

- Cambodian Trademark Registration No. KH/5662/95, registered on May 9, 1995;
- European Union Trademark Registration No. 006307524, registered on January 5, 2009;
- Hong Kong Trademark Registration No. 199608823AA, registered on June 8, 1992;
- Hong Kong Trademark Registration No. 303957139, registered on November 9, 2016;
- PRC Trademark Registration No. 777652, registered on February 14, 1995;
- Taiwanese Trademark Registration No. 00067340, registered on December 1, 1993;
- Indonesian Trademark Registration No. IDM000042452, registered on July 6, 2005;
- Japanese Trademark Registration No. 4054663, registered on September 12, 1997;
- Macau Trademark Registration No. N/086993, registered on November 26, 2014; and
- U.S. Trademark Registration No. 5448015, registered on April 10, 2018.

Variations of the Complainant's registered TVB marks (the "TVB variation marks") include TVBM, TVBJ, TVB WINDOW, TVB ANYWHERE, tvbQ, iTVB, TVBUDDY, TVBC, TVB Network Vision, and TVBI.

The Complainant discovered in February 2021 that the Respondent had registered the disputed domain name on April 22, 2020 and that it was being used in relation to an online social community for providing the Complainant's television programmes to the public, without the Complainant's authorization.

On February 9, 2021, the Complainant issued cease and desist letters to the Respondent, the disputed domain name website's Internet service provider (Cloudradium LLC) and the domain name registrar (GoDaddy.com, LLC), to demand the removal or disabling of access to the Complainant's copyrighted works and the termination of services provided to the Respondent. The Complainant did not receive any response.

4. Parties' Contentions

A. Complainant

The Complainant's contentions may be summarized as follows:

- i. The disputed domain name is confusingly similar to the Complainant's TVB mark as it incorporates the letters "TVB" in its entirety. The Complainant and its TVB trade marks are well known throughout the world, the TVB trade mark having been used continuously for more than 50 years.
- ii. The disputed domain name is also confusingly similar with the TVB variations marks.
- iii. The Respondent has no rights or legitimate interests in respect of the disputed domain name as the Complainant has not licensed nor authorized the Respondent's use and registration of any domain name consisting of the TVB

mark. The Respondent is not connected, associated or affiliated with the Complainant. The Respondent, by offering to Internet users the ability to view the Complainant's programmes, without the Complainant's authorization, has infringed the Complainant's copyright and other intellectual property rights. Such use is not legitimate or fair use of the disputed domain name.

- iv. The Respondent registered and is using the disputed domain name in bad faith. The disputed domain name was registered on April 22, 2020, whereas the Complainant had been widely publicizing the TVB mark since 1967. The Respondent seeks to mislead the public into believing that the Respondent's website is associated with the Complainant and/or the Complainant's official website. The Respondent chose the disputed domain name with full knowledge of the Complainant's business and TVB trade marks. The Respondent is using the disputed domain name for use in relation to its website in direct competition with the Complainant. The Respondent has sought to lure away the Complainant's customers who, instead of purchasing video products or subscribing or visiting the Complainant's various authorized online platforms, end up visiting the Respondent's website to access the Complainant's programmes for free. The Respondent's use of its website has therefore adversely affected the Complainant's business and income. The Respondent is riding on the reputation of the Complainant and is using the disputed domain name to attract Internet users to its website for commercial benefits.

B. Respondent

The Respondent did not file a Response to the Complaint.

5. Findings

The ICANN Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy provides, at Paragraph 4(a), that each of three findings must be made in order for a Complainant to prevail:

- i. Respondent's domain name is identical or confusingly similar to a trademark or service mark in which Complainant has rights; and
- ii. Respondent has no rights or legitimate interests in respect of the domain name; and
- iii. Respondent's domain name has been registered and is being used in bad faith.

A) Identical / Confusingly Similar

Paragraph 4(a)(i) of the Policy requires the complainant to show that the disputed domain name is identical or confusingly similar to a trade mark or service mark in which the complainant has rights.

In the present case, the Complainant has provided evidence of its numerous trademark registrations for the various TVB marks and TVB variation marks. The Complainant, additionally, has been using the TVB marks extensively and for a long time, and have thereby acquired rights at common law therein.

It is well established by numerous UDRP Panel decisions that the inclusion of a generic or descriptive term does not serve to differentiate a domain name in dispute

from a complainant's mark. In the present case, the disputed domain name incorporates the Complainant's TVB mark and is identifiable therein. The addition of the letters "me" in the disputed domain name does not serve to remove the confusing similarity with the Complainant's TVB mark. The inclusion of the generic Top-Level domain, ".net", does not serve to distinguish the disputed domain name from the Complainant's TVB mark as it is a technical requirement for domain name registrations.

Consequently, the Panel finds that the Complainant has shown that the disputed domain name is confusingly similar to a trade mark in which the Complainant has rights.

The first element of paragraph 4(a) the Policy has been satisfied.

B) Rights and Legitimate Interests

Once a complainant establishes a *prima facie* case that the respondent lacks rights or legitimate interests in the disputed domain name, the burden of production shifts to the respondent to show that it has rights or legitimate interests in respect of the disputed domain name. (See *WIPO Overview of WIPO Panel Views on Selected UDRP Questions, Third Edition* ("WIPO Overview 3.0"), section 2.1.)

In the present case, the Complainant has demonstrated a *prima facie* case that the Respondent lacks rights or legitimate interests in respect of the disputed domain name. The Complainant has provided evidence that it commenced use of, and owned numerous trademark registrations for the trade mark TVB before the disputed domain name was registered. The Complainant has also established that it has not licensed or otherwise permitted the Respondent to use the Complainant's TVB trade mark and variations thereof.

The Respondent has not submitted a Response to the Complaint, nor has it provided any explanation or evidence to show it has rights or legitimate interests in the disputed domain name. The Respondent has therefore failed to rebut the Complainant's *prima facie* case.

Accordingly, the Panel finds that the Respondent has no rights or legitimate interests in respect of the disputed domain name.

The second element of paragraph 4(a) the Policy has been satisfied.

C) Bad Faith

A complainant must also show that the respondent registered and is using the disputed domain name in bad faith (see Policy, paragraph 4(a)(iii)). Paragraph 4(b) of the Policy provides examples of circumstances that may demonstrate bad faith under paragraph 4(a)(iii) of the Policy.

The Complainant has submitted evidence which shows that the Respondent registered the disputed domain name long after the Complainant had used and secured registrations of its TVB trade marks. According to the evidence filed by the Complainant, the Complainant has owned registrations for the TVB trade marks

since as early as the year 1992.

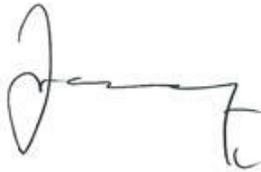
The fact that the Respondent's website features the Complainant's TVB marks and offers competing services shows that the Respondent was well aware of the Complainant and its TVB trade marks, as well as its reputation in the television programmes and broadcasting industry. The Panel is strongly persuaded by the evidence submitted that the Respondent had specifically targeted the Complainant with a view to mislead and confuse unsuspecting Internet users, or to entice them to its website for commercial gain. The Panel therefore finds the circumstances described in paragraph 4(b)(iv) of the Policy to have been established in this case. The Panel also draws a negative inference from the Respondent's failure to respond to the proceedings.

The Panel therefore concludes that the disputed domain name was registered and is being used in bad faith.

The third element of paragraph 4(a) the Policy has been satisfied.

6. Decision

For the foregoing reasons, in accordance with paragraphs 4(i) of the Policy and 15 of the Rules, the Panel orders that the disputed domain name <TVBME.NET> be transferred to the Complainant.



Francine Tan
Panelist

Dated: April 5, 2021